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KHRISTICH, A.T.

3(6)

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/1865

Babenko, Yuriy Aleksandrovich, Grigoriy Stepanovich Gladkov, Grigoriy Afanas'yevich Klimenko, Vladimir Petrovich Naumchenko, and Aleksandr Ignat'yevich Khristich

Elektryfikataiya Ukrayiny za roky Radyans'koy vlady (Electrification of the Ukraine During the Years of the Soviet Regime) Kiyev, Derzh. vyd-vo tekhn. lit-ry URSR, 1958. 150 p. 3,000 copies printed.

Resp. Ed.: I.T. Shvetsya, Academician, UkrSSR Academy of Sciences; Ed.: M. Pysarenko; Tech. Ed.: Z. Vortman.

PURPOSE: The book is intended for the general reader.

COVERAGE: The authors discuss electrification of the national economy of the Ukraine during the prerevolutionary period and during the Soviet Five-Year Plans. Achievements of the Soviet regime are noted. No personalities are mentioned. There are no references.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

Card 1/3

	Electrification of the Ukraine During (Cont.) SOV/1865		
•	Introduction	5	
	Development of Electrification Before 1941 General information Fuel resources Rydroelectric power resources	19 19 20 25	
	Development of Electric Power in the Ukrainian SSR During the Prewar Period Power in the prerevolutionary period Lenin plan GOELRO and electrification of the UkrSSR Power during the reconstruction period (1921-1928) Power during the first Five-Year Plan (1928-1932) Power during the fecond Five-Year Plan (1933-1937) Power during the Third Five-Year Plan (1938-1941)	29 29 31 37 40 43	
	Development of Electrification From 1941 to 1957	49	
	Power in the Ukrainian SSR During the War and the Postwar Period Power in the Republic during the Great Patriotic War (1941-1945)	51 51	
	Card 2/3		

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DALEST CONTROL	53.
Electrification of the Ukraine During (Cont.) SOV/186	7,7% 5
Seal and the second of the second of the second sec	,
Reconstruction and development of power facilities in the Republic	
during the Fourth Five-Year Plan (1946-1950)	56 60
Power during the Fifth Five-Year Plan (1951-1955)	60
Power during the Sixth Five-Year Plan (1956-1960)	68
Technical Progress in the Development of Power in the Ukrainian SSR	79
Improvements in power engineering	79
	105
Principal research trends in the Held of Dower engineering	
Principal research trends in the field of power engineering	10)
Design and Construction of Electric Power Plants and Distribution Netwo	orks 109
Design and Construction of Electric Power Plants and Distribution Networks	orks 109 109
Design and Construction of Electric Power Plants and Distribution Netwo	orks 109
Design and Construction of Electric Power Plants and Distribution Networks Design of electric power plants and distribution networks Construction of electric power plants and distribution networks	orks 109 109 116
Design and Construction of Electric Power Plants and Distribution Networks Design of electric power plants and distribution networks Construction of electric power plants and distribution networks Electrification of the National Economy of the Ukrainian SSR	orks 109 109 116
Design and Construction of Electric Power Plants and Distribution Networks Design of electric power plants and distribution networks Construction of electric power plants and distribution networks Electrification of the National Economy of the Ukrainian SSR Electrification of industry	orks 109 109 116 122 122
Design and Construction of Electric Power Plants and Distribution Networks Design of electric power plants and distribution networks Construction of electric power plants and distribution networks Electrification of the National Economy of the Ukrainian SSR Electrification of industry Electrification of agriculture	109 109 116 122 122 135
Design and Construction of Electric Power Plants and Distribution Networks Design of electric power plants and distribution networks Construction of electric power plants and distribution networks Electrification of the National Economy of the Ukrainian SSR Electrification of industry Electrification of agriculture Electrification of railroad transportation	109 109 116 122 122 135 141
Design and Construction of Electric Power Plants and Distribution Networks Design of electric power plants and distribution networks Construction of electric power plants and distribution networks Electrification of the National Economy of the Ukrainian SSR Electrification of industry Electrification of agriculture	109 109 116 122 122 135
Design and Construction of Electric Power Plants and Distribution Networks Design of electric power plants and distribution networks Construction of electric power plants and distribution networks Electrification of the National Economy of the Ukrainian SSR Electrification of industry Electrification of agriculture Electrification of railroad transportation	109 109 116 122 122 135 141
Design and Construction of Electric Power Plants and Distribution Networks Design of electric power plants and distribution networks Construction of electric power plants and distribution networks Electrification of the National Economy of the Ukrainian SSR Electrification of industry Electrification of agriculture Electrification of railroad transportation Electrification of dwellings AVAILABLE: Library of Congress (TK 86.05835)	109 109 116 122 122 135 141
Design and Construction of Electric Power Plants and Distribution Networks Design of electric power plants and distribution networks Construction of electric power plants and distribution networks Electrification of the National Economy of the Ukrainian SSR Electrification of industry Electrification of agriculture Electrification of railroad transportation Electrification of dwellings	109 109 116 122 122 135 141

BABENKO, Yuriy Aleksandrovich; GLADKOV, Grigoriy Stepanovich; KLIMENKO, Grigoriy Afanas'yevich; NAUMCHENKO, Vladimir Petrovich; KHRISTICH, Aleksandr Ignat'yevich; PISARENKO, M., red.; GUSAROV, K., tekhn. red.

[Electrification of the Ukraine] Elektryfikatsiia Ukrainy. Dersh. vyd-vo tekhnichnoi lit-my URSR, 1960. 274 p. (MIRA 14:8) (Ukraine—Electrification)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722330002-2"

KHKISILH, B

137-58-3-5681

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, 1958, Nr 3, p170 (USSR)

AUTHORS: Khristich, B., Khristich, I.K.

TITLE: Protection of Metals Against Corrosion by Means of Bluing

(Zashchita metallov ot korrozii voroneniyem).

PERIODICAL: Sb.stud. nauchn. rabot. Rostovsk. na-Donu, gos. ped. in-t.

1957, Nr I (22), pp 135-140

ABSTRACT: The authors point out that chemistry textbooks employed in

high schools lack a description of the bluing process. A number of technological systems, recommended for work with students,

is described.

A.L.

Card 1/1

SIMONOV, A.M.; GARNOVSKIY, A.D.; SHEYNKER, Yu.N.; KHRISTICH, B.I.;

THOFIMOVA, S.S.

Some transformations of the systems containing an imidazole ring. Part 3: Action of bases of N-methyl-N'-(2,4-dinitrophenyl) imidazolium salts. Zhur.Ab.khim. 33 no.2:571-579 F '63.

(MIRA 14:2)

1. Rostovskiy.-na-Donu gosudarstvennyy universitet.

(Imidazolium compounds)

ACC NR: AP6033307

SOURCE CODE: UR/0409/66/000/004/0611/0613

AUTHOR: Khristich, B. I.; Simonov, A. M.

ORG: Rostov-on-Don State University (Rostovskiy-na-Donu gosudarstvennyy universitet)

TITIE: Some conversions of systems containing the imidazole ring. Part 5: Properties of naphth[1,2-d]imidazole and imidazo[4,5-f] quinoline

SOURCE: Khimiya geterotsiklicheskikh soyedineniy, no. 4, 1966, 611-613

TOPIC TAGS: imidazoquinoline, naphthimidazole, heterocyclic, compound, organic nitrogen compound

ABSTRACT: It was shown earlier that imidazole systems can be directly aminated at the CH group of the imidazole ring, the process being dependent on the nature of the nucleus joined to this ring. In order to study this conversion further, some new derivatives of naphth[1,2-d]imidazole and imidazo[4,5-f] quinoline and their reactions with sodium amide were studied. 3-Benzylnaphth[1,2-d]imidazole (Ia), obtained by benzylating naphth[1,2-d]imidazole, readily reacts with sodium amide in dimethylaniline at 110°, forming 2-amino derivatives (Ic). On the contrary, 3-benzylimidazole, 5-f]quinoline (IIa) cannot be directly aminated under these conditions; nor does 3-methylimidazo[4,5]quinoline (IIb) form a 2-amino derivative when acted upon by sodium amide, although a similarly structured compound of the naphthimidazole series, (Tb), readily undergoes such a conversion.

Card 1/2

UDC: 547.785.5+547.831.6+542.958.3

ACC NR: AP6033307 N = C - R' N = C - R' N = C - R'

Ia R=CH₂C₆H₆; R'=H; b R=CH₃; R'=H;

Ha R=CH₂C₆H₅; R'=H;
b R=CH₃; R'=H;

c R-CH₂C₆H₆; R'-NH₂;

c $R = CH_2C_6H_6$; $R' = NH_2$; d $R = CH_2C_6H_6$; R' = CI.

Thus, in contrast to the naphthalene ring, the quinoline ring deactivates the 2-position of the imidazole ring joined to it with respect to sedium amide. 2-Amino-3-benzylimidazo[4,5-f]quinoline (IIc) can be synthesized only by the action of ammonia in the presence of copper salts on 2-chloro-3-benzylimidazo[4,5-f]quinoline (IId), formed by the action of phosphoryl chloride on 3-benzylimidazolono[4,5]quinoline. When sodium amide acts on 3-substituted derivatives of imidazo[4,5]quinoline, the quinoline ring is not aminated either; this is attributed to the influence of the imidazolo ring. The melting points are (°C): (Ia) 170°; (Ic) 256°; (IIb) 189-190°; (IId) 170-171°.

SUB CODE: 07/ SUBM DATE: 15Feb65/ ORIG REF: 004/ OTH REF: 002

Card 2/2

KHRISTICH, I.F., redaktor; PETROVSKAYA, Ye., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Temporary production time aroms for assembling and repairing laundry equipment] Vremenuye proisvodstvenuye normy vremeni na montazh i remont prachechnogo oborudovaniia. Moskva, Izd-vo Ministerstva kommunal nogo khoziaistva, 1950. 111 p. (MLRA 8:9) [Microfilm]

1. Russia (1917- R.S.F.S.R.)Glamoye upravlemiye bannoprachechmogo i parikmakherskogo khozysystva.

(Laundry machinery)

KHRISTICH, Z. K

137-58-3-5681

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, 1958, Nr 3, p 170 (USSR)

AUTHORS: Khristich, B., Khristich, I.K.

TITLE: Protection of Metals Against Corrosion by Means of Bluing

(Zashchita metallov ot korrozii voroneniyem).

PERIODICAL: Sb.stud, nauchn. rabot. Rostovsk. na-Donu, gos..ped. in-t.

1957, Nr I (22), pp 135-140

ABSTRACT: The authors point out that chemistry textbooks employed in

high schools lack a description of the bluing process. A number of technological systems, recommended for work with students,

is described.

A.L.

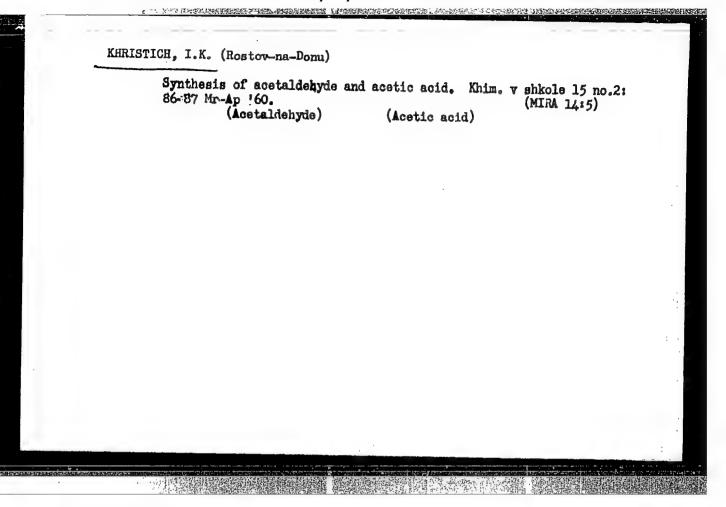
Card 1/1

Formation of glucos Mr-Ap '58. (Glucose)	e from cellulose. (Cellulose)	Khim. v shkole. n	0.2:57-58 (NIRA 11:3)	
				r

HRISTICH, I.K. (g. Rostov-na-Donu)

Laboratory synthesis of urea-formaldehyde plastics. Khim. v shkole 14 no.1:55 Ja-7 '59.

(Plastics)



KHRISTICH, I.K.

Laboratory synthesis of polybenzyl plastic. Khim. v shkole 17 no.2: 61-62 Mr-Ap '62., (MIRA 15:3)

1. Rostovskiy-na-Donu pedagogicheskiy institut.
(Plastics)

20.4 小星科学系并是国际协会的大型工会的社会和关键的基础。最后的社会是否对这一种关键的工艺,这个个社会对于这些人们的现代上去。不可以的社会是全国的特别的国际社会和

KHRISTICH, I. K.

Laboratory method of obtaining ethyl alcohol by acid hydration of ethylene. Khim. v shkole 17 no.4:62-66 J1-Ag *62.

(MIRA 15:10)

1. Pedagogicheskiy institut, g. Rostov n/Donu.

(Ethyl alcohol)

PARSHIN, A.A., inzh.; REZINK, V.I., inzh.; KHRISTICH, L.M.

New boiler units at the Taganrog Boiler Flant. Bezop truda v prom. 7
no.1:13-15 Ja *63. (MIRA 16:2)

(Taganrog—Boilers)

MALKINA, D.G.; GUSEV, A.I.; KHRISTICH, M.K. (Voronezh)

Regeneration of the thymus during changes in the thyroid hormone concentration within the organism. Probl. endok.
i gorm. 9 no.3:28-31 My-Je *63. (MIRA 17:1)

1./Is kafedry gistologii i embriologii (sav. - chlenkorrespondent AMN SSSR prof. A.A. Boytkevich) Voronezhgkogo meditsinskogo instituta.

USHAKOVA, Dora Vasil'yevna; KHRISTICH, O.G. [Khrystych, O.H.], kand.
ekon. nauk; BUTKO 'S.D., prof., otv. red.; OLEMCHENKO, F.I.,
red.; TROKHIMENKO, A.S. [Trokhymenko, A.S.], tekhn. red.

[Collected problems on general statistical theory]Zbirnyk
zadach z zahal'noi teorii statystyky. Kharkiv, Vyd-vo
Kharkivs'koho univ., 1962. 190 p. (MIRA15:11)

(Statistics—Problems, exercises, etc.)

BUTKO Stepan Danilovich, prof.; GURIN, Wikolay Illariomovich;
ROGACHENKO, Sergey Nikitovich, date.; Takivill, Mark
Yakovlevich. Prinimal uchastiye KHRISTICH, O.G., dots.;
RYABENKO, A.I., red.; YEROSHENKO, T.G., tekhn. red.

[Accounting on collective farms] Bukhgalterskii uchet v kolkhozakh. Pod red. S.D. Butko. Kiev, Gossel'khozizdat USSR, 1962. 417 p. (MIRA 16:2) (Collective farms—Accounting)

SHVETS, I.T., akademik; KHRISTICH, V.A., kand tekhn.nauk; STRADOMSKIY,
M.V., insh.

Studying the gas-turbine combustion chamber using natural gas
by means of a working-process model. Energomeshinostroenis 4
no.11:26-30 W '58. (NIRA 11:11)

1. AM USSR (for Shvets).

(Combustion research) (Gas turbines)

SHVETS, I.T.[Shvets', I.T.]; KHRISTICH, V.A.[Khrystych, V.O.]

Reperimental investigation of the fundamental characteristics of gan-turbine combustion chambers of the vaporization type. Zbir. prats' Inst.tepl. AN UNSE no.16:3-12 '59. (HIRA 13:11)

(Gas turbines)

21793 9/123/61/000/004/024/027

A004/A104

26,2131

AUTHORS:

Shvets, I. T., and Khristich, V. A.

TITLE:

Experimental investigation of the atomizing device in gas-turbine combustion chambers of the evaporative type

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mashinostroyeniye, no. 4, 1961, 18-19, abstræt 41155. ("Izv. Kiyevsk. politekhn. in-ta", 1960, vol. 30, 98-109)

TEXT: The investigation of fuel evaporation by injecting it into a pipe heated by a flame showed that a high degree of vaporization is ensured if the fuel is injected onto: the surface of a pipe whose temperature does not exceed 500°C. In this case the atomization quality practically does not depend on the injection pressure, varying in the range of 2 - 30 kg/cm2. The degree of vaporization increases with the growing pipe length and the coefficient of air surplus and decreases with the growing air pressure. At low air temperatures the degree of vaporization improves with the growth of the volatility of the fuel. The authors present an empirical formula for the calculation of the pipe length depending on the degree of vaporization, temperature and coefficient of air surplus.
[Abstractor's note: Complete translation] I. Barskiy

Card 1/1

Intensification of combustion in diffusor burners. Energ. 1 elektrotekh. prom. no.2:24-26 Ap.-Je '62. (MIRA 15:6)

1. Kiyevskiy politekhnicheskiy institut. (Gas turbines)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722330002-2"

KHRISTICH, V.A., kand.tekhn.nauk; BASHKATOV, Yu.N.

Use of a pilot burner for improving the operational characteristics of a gas turbine combustion chamber. Energ. i elektrotekh. prom. no.1:25-27 '62. (MIRA 15:6)

1. Kiyevskiy politekhnicheskiy institut. (Gas turbines)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722330002-2"

KHRISTICH, V.A., kand.tekhn.nauk; BASHKATOV, Yu.N., inzh.;
CHERNIN, Ye.N., inzh.; SHEVCHENKO, A.M., inzh.

Results of tests and final study using a model of the combustion chamber of the GT-25-700-1 gas turbine system with preliminary fuel atomization. Energomashinostroenie 8 no.10:10-13 0 '62. (MIRA 15811)

(Gas turbines)

ACCESSION NR: AR4015129

S/0124/63/000/012/B047/B047

SOURCE: RZh. Mekhanika, Abs. 12B266

AUTHOR: Khristich, V.A.

TITLE: On pulsation phenomena in the burning of natural gas in gas turbine combustion chambers

CITED SOURCE: Tr. 1-y Vses. nauchno-tekhn. konferentsii po probl. vibratsion. i pul'satsion. goreniya. M., 1962, 51-59

TOPIC TAGS: pulsation, pulsation phenomena, natural gas, gas combustion, gas turbine

TRANSLATION: The author describes the procedure and results of an experimental study of pulsation combustion in the combustion chamber of a gas turbine operating on natural gas: He studied the effects of the following factors on the characteristics of pulsation combustion: 1) the type of burner device; 2) temperature and air excess factor; 3) type of pilot light; 4) air distribution in the chamber. It was found that the use of register burners with preliminary

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AR4015129

fuel atomization. It is shown that there are two ranges of pressure pulsation: the very low frequency range (below 5 cycles/sec) and the higher-frequency range (30-40 cycles/sec).

It has been shown that the appearance of pulsation combustion is accompanied by changes in some of the characteristics of the working process in the chamber. It is shown that pulsation combustion involves the intensification of mixing processes and an increase in the degree of combustion. It has been shown experimentally the possible means of controlling pulsation combustion are as follows: the installation of pilot lights with regulated flame size; regulation of air distribution in the chamber; any other methods affecting the size and structure of the pilot light. Bibliography with 21 titles. Yu.F. Dityakin.

DATE ACQ: 31Dec63

SUB CODE: PH

ENCL: 00

Card 2/2

。 1981年,日期中的政策,连续经济的连续指挥的政策,连军人的关键。

KHRISTICH, V.A., kend.tekhm.nauk; SHEVCHENKO, A.M., insh.

Some special features of the operation of telescopic flame pipes with deep overlap of the shells. Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; emerg. 5 no.11:69-73 N '62. (MIRA 15:12)

1. Kiyevskiy ordena Lenina politekhnicheskiy institut. Predstavlena kafédroy parovykh i gamovykh turbin. (Gas turbines)

KHRISTICH, V. A., and BASHKATOV, Yu. N. (KPI)

"Data about nature of vibration burning in high-forced blast furnaces, working on gasiform fuel".

Report presented at the Section on Physics of Combustion, Scientific Session, Council of Acad. Sci. Ukr SSR on High Temperature Physics, Kiev, 2-4 Apr 1963.

Reported in Teplofizika Vysokikh temperatur, No. 2, Sep-Oct 1963, p. 321, JPRS 24,651. 19 May 1964.

KHRISTICH, V.A.; KHAVKIN, Yu.I.; TKACHUK, Yu.F.; SHEVCHENKO, A.M.; LYUBCHIK, G.N.

Study of the possibility of conversion of the combustion chambers of the UTU-15-800 gas turbine systems to operation on natural gas. Energ. i elektrotekh. prom. no.2:28-32 Ap-Je *63. (MIRA 16:7)

1. Kiyevskiy politekhnicheskiy institut i leningradskiy mashinestroitel'nyy zavod "Ekonomayzer". (Gas turbines)

KHRISTICH, V. A., and LYUBCHIK, G. N. (KPI)

Report presented at the Section on Physics of Combustion, Scientific Session, Council of Acad. Sci. Ukr SSR on High Temperature Physics, Kiev, 2-4 Apr 1963.

Reported in Teplofizika Vysokikh temperatur, No. 2, Sep-Oct 1963, p. 321, JPRS 24,651. 19 May 1964.

ACCESSION NR: AP4014235

S/0143/64/000/001/0063/0068

AUTHOR: Khristich, V. A. (Candidate of technical sciences); Shevchenko, A. M. (Engineer)

TITLE: Effect of the operating mode and injector design upon the temperature level of the flame-tube walls in a gas-turbine combustor

SOURCE: IVUZ. Energetika, no. 1, 1964, 63-68

TOPIC TAGS: gas turbine, gas turbine combustor, flame tube, flame tube wall temperature, gas turbine injector, injector design, gas turbine operating mode

ABSTRACT: An experimental investigation is reported of the effect of (a) airfuel ratio in the chamber, (b) inlet air temperature, (c) injector design, (d) fuel distribution between the principal and keep-alive injectors, and (e) combustion mode, upon the temperature level of the flame-tube walls. Natural gas from the Daphava fields was used in a large-scale (1:2.5) model of the GT-25-700 gasturbine combustor. These injector types were tested: (1) pre-mixing register type with 45° blades, (2) diffusion air-twisting register type, (3) diffusion, non-

Card 1/2

KHRISTICH, V.A., kand. tekhn.nauk; BASHKATOV, Yu.N., inzh.; BULAVITSKIY, Yu.M., inzh.

Study of the possibility of the conversion of the combustion chamber of the GT-25-700-1 gas turbine system to gas and steam operation. Energ. i elektrotekh. prom. no.4:19-21 0-D *64.

(MIRA 18:3)

KHRISTICH, V.A., kand. tekhn. nauk; LYUECHIK, G.N., inzh.

Nomogram for designing gas burners. Energ. i elektrotekh. prom.
no.4:21 0-D *64. (MIRA 18:3)

KHRISTICH, V.A.; SHEVCHENKO, A.M.

Efficient design for the flame tubes of gas-turbine combustion chambers. Mash. i neft. obor. no.6:13-17 '64. (MIRA 18:2)

1. Kiyevskiy politekhnicheskiy institut.

KHRISTICH, V.A., kand. tekhn. nauk; LABINOV, S.D., inzh.

Effectiveness of using a cycle with intermediate regeneration in power generating and transport gas turbine systems. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; energ. 7 no.8:46-52 Ag *64. (MIRA 17:12)

1. Kiyevskiy ordena Lenina politekhnicheskiy institut. Predstavleno kafedroy parovykh i gazovykh turbin.

ACCESSION NR: AP4045906

5/0114/64/000/009/0012/0015

AUTHOR: Khristich, V. A. (Candidate of technical sciences); Bashkatov, Yu. N. (Engineer); Chernin, Ye. N. (Engineer); Shevchenko, A. M. (Engineer)

TITLE: Effect of a burner on the characteristics of a gas-turbine combustor

SOURCE: Energomashinostroyeniye, no. 9, 1964, 12-15

TOPIC TAGS: combustor, combustor test, combustion chamber, combustion chamber test, gas turbine/GT-25-700-1-LMZ gas turbine plant

ABSTRACT: A continuation of the authors earlier experiments (Energomashinostroyeniye, 1962, no. 10) is reported. The possibility of a radical improvement in a premixing register burner by modifying its design was explored. The principal experiments were conducted at an air pressure of 1.5 atm, a temperature before the chamber of 300C, an air flow of 7-8 m⁸/sec, and an air-fuel ratio of 4.5-20 (primary-air ratio, 121-5). Several types of

Card 1/3

ACCESSION NR: AP4045906

burners were tested; four of them are shown in Enclosure 1. The flow aero-dynamics was investigated with a cold blowdown of the chamber. Register burner I was found to produce the highest temperature field in the flame tube. The best operating conditions of the flame tube were observed (at 700C of exhaust gases) with nonregister-type diffusion burners. The intensity and completeness of combustion were also investigated (curves supplied), as well as combustion stability, pressure loss in the chamber, and the temperature field of exhaust gases. Orig. art. has: 6 figures and 2 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Kiyevskiy politekhnicheskiy institut (Kiev Polytechnic Institute); Leningradskiy metallicheskiy savod (Leningrad Metal Plant)

SUBMITTED: 00

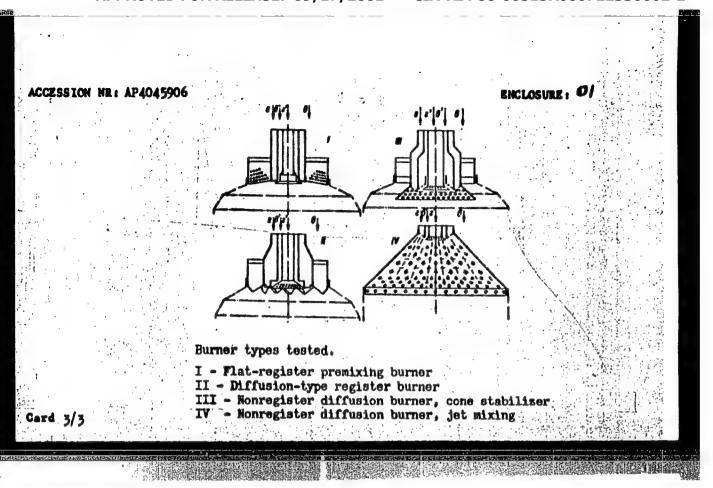
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SUB CODE: PR

NO REF SOV: 002

OTHER: 000

Card 2/3



L 25032-65 EPA/EPA(s)-2/EWT(s)/EPF(c)/EPR Pr-4/Ps-4/Pt-10 WW/JW/MLK ACCESSION NR: AT5004225 S/0000/64/000/000/0202/0206

AUTHOR: Khristich, V. A.; Lyubchik, G. N.

TITLE: Some relationships for a gaseous diffusion flame burning in the turbulent wake behind a flame holder

SOURCE: AN UkrSSR. Institut tekhnicheskov teplofiziki. Teplofizika i teplotekhnika (Thermophysics and heat engineering). Kiev, Naukova dumka, 1964, 202-206

TOPIC TAGS: diffusion flame, air breathing propulsion, flame holder, combustion

ABSTRACT: It has been previously found that diffusional burning behind a flame holder gives very high mixing rates, short flame lengths, and higher combustion efficiencies as compared with conventional diffusion flames. Since the flame length is a function of air velocity, high and variable air excess coefficients can be used, which makes the process suitable for use in turbine combustion chambers and in other processes. The design of such a process presents difficulties because of the lack of experimental data. The process has there-

Card 1/3,

L 25032-65

ACCESSION NR: AT5004225

0

fore been studied by obtaining velocity and concentration profiles and by flame photography to determine the effect of the following parameters on the flame length; gas discharge velocity (10-210 m/sec) air velocity (10-50 m/sec), diameter of the gas nozzle (1-5 mm), width of the flame holder (20-40 mm), opening angle of the flame holder (30-180°), angle of attack of the airstream (0-24°), and position of the gas jet in the vertical plane (0-180°). The flame length increased with increasing gas velocity, increasing gas nozzle diameter, and increasing flame holder width, and it decreased with increasing air velocity, opening angle of the flame holder, and angle of attack of the airstream. Since the gas jet was deflected by the recirculation zone in the direction of the flame holder apex, i.e., countercurrently to the airstream, the trajectories of the gas jet could be calculated by a method for jets in transverse flow developed by Yu. V. Ivanov. The experimental data were correlated by an empirical equation for the relative length of the flame as a function of the gas and air densities and velocities, the width of the flame holder, and the gas nozzle diameter. It is recommended that more data be obtained over a wider range of operating and geometry parameters to make the relationship more accurate. Orig. art. has! figures. Cord 2/3

L 25032-65

ACCESSION NR: AT5004225

ASSOCIATION: Kiyevskiy ordena Lanina politekhnicheskiy institut
(Kiev Polytechnical Institute)

SUBMITTED: 10Aug64 ENCL: 00 SUB CODE: FP, ME
NO REF SOV: 003 OTHER: 001 ATD PRESS: 3180

L 25031-65 EPA/EPA(s)-2/EWT(m)/EPF(c)/EPR Pr-L/Ps-L/Pt-10 WW/JW/MLK

ACCESSION NR: AT5004226

5/0000/64/000/000/0215/0222/2

AUTHOR: Khristich, V. A.; Bashkatov, Yu. N.

TITLE: The nature of oscillatory combustion in high-performance combustion chambers operated with gaseous fuel

SOURCE: AN UkrSSR. Institut tekhnicheskoy teplofiziki. Teplofizika i teplotekhnika (Thermophysics and heat engineering). Kiev, Naukova dumka, 1964, 215-222

TOPIC TAGS: combustion, combustion chamber, air breathing propulsion, combustion instability, oscillatory combustion

abstract: Combustion instability was studied in a test combustion chamber 209 mm in diameter and 6 m long equipped with pressure and oscillation gages. Some of the results were verified on the full-size GT-25-700 turbine combustion chamber. In the experiments, the locations of the instability regions in the chamber and the oscillation frequencies and amplitudes were determined with 5 different burners as a function of the air excess coefficient and air flow velocity (up to 40 m/sec). The calculated natural frequencies and the amplitudes were in good agreement with experimental values. The width of Cord 1/2

L 25031-65

ACCESSION NR: AT5004226

the instability regions was a function of air velocity and the air excess coefficient; it decreased with an increasing air excess coefficient. The number and size of the instability regions was found to be dependent on the type of burner. Two burners had substantially different behavior with respect to instability although their geometry was similar. It is concluded that the flame structure is the most important factor in instability. Stability improves when long, thin flames are used. A short, wide flame decreases stability. The flame structure can also be changed by varying the primary-to-secondary air ratio. Orig. art. has: 5 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Kiyevskiy ordena Lenina politekhnicheskiy institut (Kiev Polytechnical Institute)

SUBMITTED: 10Aug64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: FP

NO REF SOV: 003

OTHER: 001

ATD PRESS: 3180

Card 2/2

KHRISTICH, V.A., kand. tekhn. nauk; SHEVCHENKO, A.M., inzh.

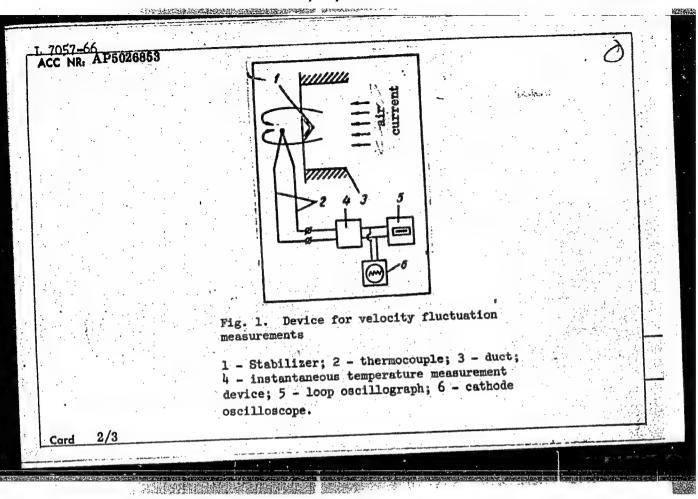
Performance of the flame tubes of gas turbine combustion chambers operating on natural gas. Energ. i elektrotekh. prom. no.2:20-23
Ap-Je 164.

(MINA 17:10)

L 41817-65 EPA/ENP(f)/EPF(n)-2/EPR/T-2/EPA(bb)-2 Pas-4/Ps-4 WW ACCESSION NR: AP5010969 AUTHOR: Khristich, V. A. TITLE: Annular, combustion chamber for a gas turbine. Class 46. No. 169948 SOURCF: Byulleten' izobretaniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 7, 1965, 153-154 TOPIC TAGS: gas turbine, combustion chamber, flame tube, flame stabilizer, combustion intensification ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate was issued for an annular combustion chamber with a flame tube inside which a fuel collector and a stab-chamber with a flame tube length, the stabilizing device is process and reduce the flame tube length, the stabilizing device is process and reduce the flame tube length, the stabilizing device is process and reduce the flame tube length, the stabilizing device is and fixed alternately on the inside and outside shells of the flame and fixed alternately on the inside and outside shells of the flame collector is made of two concentric rings on the inner and outer collector is made of two concentric rings on the inner and outer shells of the flame tube with fuel feed ports provided behind the gashilizer angles. Conduction and content of the flame tube with fuel feed ports provided behind the gashilizer angles.	
TITLE: Annular combustion chamber for a gas turbine. Class 46. No. 169948 SOURCF: Byulleten' izobrataniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 7, 1965, 153-154 TOPIC TAGS: gas turbine, combustion chamber, flame tube, flame stabilizer, combustion intensification. ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate was issued for an annular combustion chamber with a flame tube inside which a fuel collector and a stabchamber with a flame tube inside which a fuel collector and a stabchamber with a flame tube length, the stabilizing device is process and reduce the flame tube length, the stabilizing device is made of a system of alternating radial angles inclined to each other and fixed alternately on the inside and outside shells of the flame tube. In a second variant, to achieve uniform fuel supply, the fuel tube. In a second variant, to achieve uniform fuel supply, the fuel collector is made of two concentric rings on the inner and outer shells of the flame tube with fuel feed ports provided behind the gtabilizer angles. [AC]	and the second of the control of the second of the control of the second
TITLE: Annular combustion chamber for a gas turbine. Class 46, No. 169948 SOURCF: Byulleten' izobrateniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 7, 1965, 153-154 TOPIC TAGS: gas turbine, combustion chamber, flame tube, flame stabilizer, combustion intensification ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate was issued for an annular combustion chamber with a flame tube inside which a fuel collector and a stab-chamber with a flame tube inside which a fuel collector and a stab-chamber with a flame tube inside which a fuel collector and evice is process and reduce the flame tube length, the stabilizing device is process and reduce the flame tube length, the stabilizing device is process and reduce the flame tube length, the stabilizing device is and of a system of alternating radial angles inclined to each other and fixed alternately on the inside and outside shells of the flame tube with fuel feed ports provided behind the shells of the flame tube with fuel feed ports provided behind the gtabilizer angles.	L 41817-65 EPA/EAP(f)/EPF(n)-2/EPR/T-2/EPA(bb)78 Pag-4/Ps-4 WW ACCESSION NRI AP5010969
No. 169948 SOURCE: Byulleten' izobrataniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 7, 1965, 153-154 TOPIC TAGS: gas turbine, combustion chamber, flame tube, flame stabilizer, combustion intensification ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate was issued for an annular combustion chamber with a flame tube inside which a fuel collector and a stab- chamber with a flame tube inside which a fuel collector and a stab- chamber with a flame tube inside which a fuel collector and a stab- chamber with a flame tube length, the stabilizing device is process and reduce the flame tube length, the stabilizing device is process and reduce the flame tube length, the stabilizing device is made of a system of alternating radial angles inclined to each other made of a system of alternating radial angles inclined to each other and fixed alternately on the inside and outside shells of the flame tube. In a second variant, to achieve uniform fuel supply, the fuel tube. In a second variant, to achieve uniform fuel supply, the fuel tube. In a second variant, to achieve uniform fuel supply, the fuel tube. In a second variant, to achieve uniform fuel supply, the fuel tube. In a second variant, to achieve uniform fuel supply, the fuel tube. In a second variant, to achieve uniform fuel supply, the fuel tube. In a second variant, to achieve uniform fuel supply.	AUTHOR: Khristich, V. A.
No. 169948 SOURCE: Byulleten' izobrataniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 7, 1965, 153-154 TOPIC TAGS: gas turbine, combustion chamber, flame tube, flame stabilizer, combustion intensification ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate was issued for an annular combustion chamber with a flame tube inside which a fuel collector and a stab- chamber with a flame tube inside which a fuel collector and a stab- chamber with a flame tube inside which a fuel collector and certain device is process and reduce the flame tube length, the stabilizing device is process and reduce the flame tube length, the stabilizing device is made of a system of alternating radial angles inclined to each other made of a system of alternating radial angles inclined to each other and fixed alternately on the inside and outside shells of the flame tube. In a second variant, to achieve uniform fuel supply, the fuel tube. In a second variant, to achieve uniform fuel supply, the fuel tube. In a second variant, to achieve uniform fuel supply, the fuel tube. In a second variant, to achieve uniform fuel supply, the fuel tube. In a second variant, to achieve uniform fuel supply, the fuel tube. In a second variant, to achieve uniform fuel supply, the fuel tube. In a second variant, to achieve uniform fuel supply, the fuel tube. In a second variant, to achieve uniform fuel supply.	TITLE: Annular, combustion chamber for a gas turbine. Class 40.
TOPIC TAGS: gas turbine, combustion chamber, flame tube, flame stabilizer, combustion intensification. ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate was issued for an annular combustion chamber with a flame tube inside which a fuel collector and a stab-chamber with a flame tube inside which a fuel collector and a stab-chamber with a flame tube length, the stabilizing device is process and reduce the flame tube length, the stabilizing device is process and reduce the flame tube length, the stabilizing device is made of a system of alternating radial angles inclined to each other made of a system of alternating radial angles inclined to each other and fixed alternately on the inside and outside shells of the flame tube with fuel feed ports provided behind the shells of the flame tube with fuel feed ports provided behind the stabilizer angles.	
TOPIC TAGS: gas turbine, combustion chamber, flame tube, flame stabilizer, combustion intensification. ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate was issued for an annular combustion chamber with a flame tube inside which a fuel collector and a stab-chamber with a flame tube inside which a fuel collector and a stab-chamber with a flame tube length, the stabilizing device is process and reduce the flame tube length, the stabilizing device is process and reduce the flame tube length, the stabilizing device is made of a system of alternating radial angles inclined to each other made of a system of alternating radial angles inclined to each other and fixed alternately on the inside and outside shells of the flame tube with fuel feed ports provided behind the shells of the flame tube with fuel feed ports provided behind the stabilizer angles.	SOURCE: Byulleten izobratanly i tovarnyan and
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stabilizer angues	collector is made of two concentric rings on the inner and od the collector is made of two concentric rings on the inner and the chells of the flame tube with fuel feed ports provided behind the [AC]
	stabilizer angles.
	Card 1/2

L 41817-65 ACCESSION NR: AP5010969 ASSOCIATION: none	encl: 00	sub code:	PR,FP	
SUEMITTED: 05Nov63 NO REF SOV: 000	OTHER: 000	ATD PRESS:		
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Card 2/2				-

	7057-66. EWF(1)/EWP(m)/EWA(d)/FESIK//EIGH/JANA ACC NR: AP5026853 SOURCE CODE: UR/0170/65/009/004/0501/0506 AUTHOR: Bannikov, A. I.; Khristich, V. A.; Lyubchik, G. N.
(ORG: Kiev Polytechnic Institute (Politekhnicheskiy institut, Kiev)
5	TITLE: Thermoelectric method for measuring gas flow velocity fluctuation
-	SOURCE: Inzhenerno-fizicheskiy zhurnal, v. 9, no. 4, 1965, 501-506
1	TOPIC TAGS: gas flow, flow velocity, velocity measuring instrument, flow measurement, turbulent flow, thermoelectric sensor
	ABSTRACT: The theoretical and experimental investigation of combustion and heat exchange processes in fluctuating and turbulent flows indicate that the velocity fluctuations determine decisively the intensity of the processes. However, the existing methods for velocity fluctuation measurements are either incompletely developed or inapplicable to high tenaperature tion measurements are either incompletely developed or inapplicable to high tenaperature flows. Consequently, working at the Institute of Engineering Heat Physics of the AN UKrSSR flows. (Institut tekhnicheskoy teplofiziki AN UKrSSR) in cooperation with the Kiev Polytechnic Institute (Kiyevskiy politekhnicheskiy institut), the authors developed a thermoelectric method stitute (Kiyevskiy politekhnicheskiy institut), the authors developed a thermoelectric method stitute (Kiyevskiy politekhnicheskiy institut), and the data obtained are in fair agreeshown in Fig. 1, confirm its reliability and simplicity, and the data obtained are in fair agreeshown in Fig. 1, confirm its reliability and simplicity, fluctuation determination.
	shown in Fig. 1, confirm its reliability and simplicity, and the data obtained using different methods of flow velocity fluctuation determination.



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7057-66 ACC NR: AI	aional amplification	is obtained during approximately 3	g overcorrect	ion operation.	The optimum constant; RC =	81
lifferentiati	recorder should be ion loop parameters: ME, TD / SUBM I	e). Orig. art. ha DATE: 03Nov64 /	ORIG REF: 0	006 / OTH RE	F: 001/	
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KHRISTICH, V.A., kand. tekhn. nauk; OL'KHOVSKIY, G.G.; CHERNIN, Ye.N., inzh.; BASHKATOV, Yu.N., inzh.; SHEVCHENKO, A.M., inzh.; TUMANOVSKIY, A.G., inzh.; GOROBETS, V.S., inzh.

Some results of the tests and adjustment of the combustion chambers of the gt-25-700 and gtn-9-750 gas turbine power systems. Teploenergetika 12 no.2:16-20 F '65. (MIRA 18:3)

l. Vsesoyuznyy ordena Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni teplotekhnicheskiy institut imeni F.E. Dzerzhinskogo; Kiyevskiy politekhnicheskiy institut i Leningradskiy metallicheskiy zavod.

L 29531-66 EWT(m)/T/EWP(f) WN/	SOURCE CODE: UR/0285/	65/000/009/0021/0021	1:
AUTHOR: Khristich, V. A.; Shevche	nko, A. H.	833	
TITLE: Cooling efficiency of the	perforated flame tube of	a gas turbine combustion	
chamber	1		
SOURCE: Ref. zh. Turbostroyeniye,	Abs. 9.49.140	•	
REF SOURCE: Vestn. Kiyevsk. polit	ekhn. in-ta. Ser. teplo	energ., no. 1, 1964, 50-57	
TOPIC TAGS: gas turbine engine, The same of the form the circular channel of tube through the holes, creating to	ratural gas, combustion conclude Graffin, compression, co	chamber, flame tube, gas factories chamber wall control chamber wall manufactories hollow of the flame layer along its walls, the itating removal of some	ure
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amount of heat produced by radiation the life of the chamber is increased. The tube is promising T. Gonikberg.	for use in combustion ch	ambers working on gas fuel	:11

(M,N) ACC NRI AR6028073

SOURCE CODE: UR/0124/66/000/005/B051/B052

AUTHORS: Khristich, V. A.; Shevchenko, A. H.

TITLE: Several characteristics of heat transfer in a gas turbine combustion chamber operating on gaseous fuel

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Mekhanika, Abs. 5B314

REF SOURCE: Vestn. Kiyevsk. politekhn. in-ta. Ser. teploenerg., no. 2, 1965, 26-33

TOPIC TAGS: gas turbine engine, combustion chamber, combustion research, flame tube, thermocouple

ABSTRACT: Experiments were performed on a common single-register combustion chamber of the straight-flow type. The flame-tube is welded as a single unit. Three rings of 4-mm diameter openings for cooling air are located on its shoulders, and the flame-tube wall cooling is compound. The fuel unit is of the diffusion type. Air is introduced into the combustion region through the register and a perforated cup. To determine the metal and air temperatures, 39 and 8 chromel-aluminum thermocouples, respectively, are used. To measure the flame temperature, movable, water-cooled platinum-rhodium thermocouples were placed at three sections along the length of the flame tube. Compound probes were located at the entrance and exit of the combustion chamber to measure the temperature and velocity of the air and gases. The experiments

Card 1/2

ACC NR: AR6028073

were performed at 1.08-1.37 bar. It was established that during natural gas combustion the heat flow to the walls of the flame tube can exceed 100 · 103 wt/m² despite the weak radiance of the flame. The convection component represents about 30-40% of the total heat flow in the type of combustion chamber investigated. The total heat flow and its components are not uniformly distributed along the length of the flame tube. The character of the heat flow distributions is strongly dependent on the initial temperature, structure of the flame, and on the operating parameters of the combustion chamber. The cooling of the flame tube walls is accomplished basically by convection. It is important to develop new rational flame tube designs, which will lower the convective part of the heat flow and increase the radiative heat extraction. Bibliography of 4 titles. A. Salamov [Translation of abstract]

SUB CODE: 20, 21

Card 2/2

DYACHENKO, S.S.; ELISHINA, M.O.; KERISTIGH, V.M.

Investigating the antigen structure of Shigella paradysenterias;
Sonne preliminary report. Mikrobiol.zhur. 16 no.3: 64-69 '54.

1. Z mikrobiologichengo viddilu Ukrain'skogo institutu epidemiologii ta mikrobiologii, m. Kitv.

(ANTIGENS AND ANTIGOLES.

Shigella dysenteriae antigenic structure)

(SHIGELLA,

dysenterae, antigenic structure)

HEROTELENING TO SERVICE SERVIC

KHRISTICH, V.M. [Krystych, V.M.], mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Some indices of the coagulatinf and anticoagulating blood systems in pregnant women with rheumatism. Ped. akush. i gin. 24 no.1:52-53'62. (MIRA 16:8)

1. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut okhrany materinstva i detstva (direktor - kand.med. nauk 0.G.Pap [Pap, 0.H.]).

(BLOOD-COAGULATION) (PREGNANCY, COMPLICATIONS OF)

(RHEUMATIC FEVER)

POLYAKOV, N.I., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; NEVSKIY, B.N., inshener, retsenzent; KHRISTICH, Z.D., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, redaktor.

[Organization of machine tool management in the factory] Organizatelia instrumental nogo khosisistva savoda. Kiev, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. isd-vo mashinostroit. i sudostroit. lit-ry [Ukr. otd-nie] 1953. 269 p. (MLRA 7:7)

(Machine tools)

KHRISTICH, Z.D., dots., kand. tekhr. nauk; KRUGLYAK, L.A., inzh., retsenzent; KUNIN, F.A., inzh., red.

[Automation of the manufacture of metal-cutting tools] Avtomatizatsiia instrumental'nogo proizvodstva. Moskva, Mashinostroenie, 1964. 215 p. (MIRA 17:10)

RODIN. Petr Radionovich; KHRISTICH. Z.D., kend.tekhn.nauk, retsenzent; SHAPIRO, A.I., insh., red.; ONISHCHENKO, N.P., red.

[Fundamentals of the theory of the design of metal-cutting tools] Osnovy teorii proektirovaniis reshushchikh instrumentov. Moskva, Gos.nauchne-tekhn.izd-vo mashinostroit.lit-ry, 1960. 159 p. (MIRA 13:5)

(Metal-cutting tools)

 KHRISTICH, Zakhar Dem'yanovich; MOROZENKO, Semen Nikitovich; RCDIN, P.R., kand.tekhn.nauk, retmenzent; GAVRILOV, V.D., inzh., red.; ONISHCHENKO, N.P., red.; GORNOSTATPOL'SKAYA, N.S., tekhn.red.

[Sharpening of metal-cutting tools; manual for grinders] Zatochka reshmahchago instrumenta; uchebnos posobie dlia rabochikh-satochni-kov. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.isd-vo mashinostroit.lit-ry, 1960.
169 p. (MIRA 13:12)

(Motal-cutting tools)

。 1975年1975年中,最中的企业大学的经验,这种企业的企业,有关的企业,是是不够的企业,但是不够的企业,但可以使用的企业的企业,并不是是不够的。

DASHRVSKIY, Il'ya Isaakovich; ZASLAVSKIY, Simon Shlemovich;

KHRISTICH, Z.D., dotsent, kand.tekhn.nauk, retsenzent;
CHISTYAKOVA, L.G., red.; GORHOSTAYPOL'SKAYA, M.S., tekhn.red.

[Manual on safety measures for grinding-machine operators]

Pamiatka dlia shlifovshchikov i satochnikov. Moskva, Gos.
nauchno-tekhn.isd-vo mashinostroit.lit-ry, 1960. 69 p.

(Grinding and polishing-Safety measures)

Matveyevich, kand. tekhn. nauk; RUINIK, Sergey Sergeyevich, Matveyevich, kand. tekhn. nauk; RUINIK, Sergey Sergeyevich, doktor tekhn. nauk; BOVSUNOVSKIY, Yakov Ivanovich, kand. tekhn. nauk; EAZHENOV, Ivan Ivanovich, kand. tekhn. nauk; KOVALENKO, Vladimir Vladimirovich, kand. tekhn. nauk; LOMACHENKO, Zinaida Nikolayevna, kand. tekhn. nauk; RADCHENKO, MIL'SHTEYN, Mark Zel'manovich, kand. tekhn. nauk; REZNICHENKO, Mikhail Yuliya Gavrilovna, kand. tekhn. nauk; REZNICHENKO, Mikhail Petrovich, kand. tekhn. nauk; TRUBENOK, Aleksandr Davidovich, kand. tekhn. nauk; SHNAYDERMAN, Isay Yakovlevich, kand. tekhn. nauk; GOLUBOV, N.P., kand. tekhn. nauk, retsenzent; MAKSIMOV, DUMANSKAYA, V.A., kand. tekhn. nauk, retsenzent; MAKSIMOV, G.D., kand. tekhn. nauk, retsenzent; YAKOVENKO, G.A., kand. tekhn. nauk, retsenzent; YAKOVENKO, G.A., kand.

[Technology of the manufacture of machinery] Tekhnologiia mashinostroeniia. [By] S.A.Kartavov i dr. Kiev, Tekhnika, (MIRA 18:7) 1965. 526 p.

1. Kafedra tekhnologii mashinostroyeniya Kiyevskogo politekhnicheskogo instituta (for all except Golubov, Maksimov, Yakovenko).

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3,9300

S/049/61/000/003/Q05/005 D249/D301

AUTHOR:

Khristichenko, P.I.

TITLE:

The problem of the equation of motion of pendulum

seismographs

PERIODICAL:

Akademiya nauk SSSR. Seriya geofizicheskaya. Izvestiya,

no. 3, 1961, 443-444

TEXT: The purpose of the present paper is to obtain a more exact differential equation of motion of a seismograph. When a time dependent constraint is applied to a material point, its motion has two components; translational (together with the constraint) and relative (along the constraint). The equation of motion is given $(Eq. 1) \cdot \overline{v} = \overline{v} + \overline{v}$ (1)

Neglecting its rotational motion, this equation can be differentiated with respect to time t to give the accelerations $\frac{1}{w_0} = \frac{1}{w_0} + \frac{1}{w_0}$ (2)

Assuming the resistance of the medium to be directly proportional to the

Card 1/3

24220

S/049/61/000/003/005/005 D249/D301

The problem of the equation...

velocity, the author finds from Newton's second law that $m\bar{w}_{r} = \bar{F} + (-m\bar{w}_{r}) + (-B\bar{v}_{r}) + (-B\bar{v}_{e})$ (3) where β is the resistance $\bar{w}_{r} = \bar{F} + (-m\bar{w}_{r}) + (-B\bar{v}_{r}) + (-B\bar{v}_{e})$ (3) where β is usually coefficient. In the seismograph theory the force β is usually coefficient.

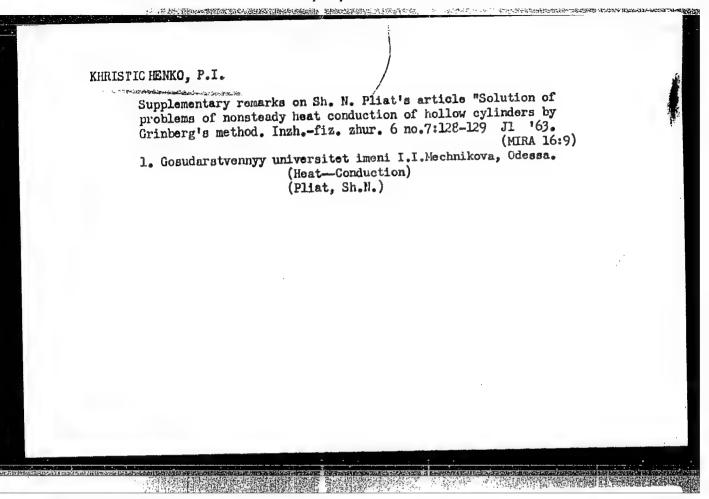
neglected although it affects both the amplitude and phase of the pendulum oscillations. The differential equation of motion of a system (or a point) with time-dependent constraints, which allows for the resistance of the medium can be deduced using Lagrange's equations of the second type. For a system with time-dependent constraints the equation second type. For a system with time-dependent constraints the equation for kinetic energy is given and the dissipative function is generalized for kinetic energy is given and the dissipative function generalized the value of the pendulum (Eq. 8) Using $\beta/m = 2\epsilon_1$, $\epsilon/\ell = n_1$ and

$$\ddot{\varphi} + \frac{\beta}{m} \dot{\dot{\varphi}} + \frac{\beta}{l} \sin \varphi = -\frac{\ddot{X}}{l} \cos \varphi + \frac{\ddot{Y}}{l} \sin \varphi - \frac{\beta \ddot{X}}{lm} \cos \varphi + \frac{\beta \dot{Y}}{lm} \sin \varphi. \tag{8}$$

assuming that the oscillations are small (i.e. $\cos \phi = 1$, $\sin \phi = \phi$), Eq.(8) may be written as

(For Eq. (9) see next card)

Card 2/3



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Section of Parties of	L 15065-65 EWT(d)/EWT(m)/EWP(w)/EMA(d)/EWP(v)/EWP(k)/EWA(h) Pf-L/Peb ASD(f)-2/ AFMDC/AFTG(p) EM ACCESSION NR: AP4048856 S/0170/64/000/011/0090/0093
	AUTHORS: Khristichenko, P. I.; Prokopets, S. I.
	TITLE: Nonstationary temperature field of a nonclosed cylindrical shell
	SOURCE: Inzhenerno-fizicheskiy zhurnal, no. 11, 1964, 90-93
	TOPIC TAGS: cylindrical shell, temperature field, thermal stress
	ABSTRACT: The authors treat the problem of solving $\frac{\partial t}{\partial Fo} = \frac{\partial^2 t}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial t}{\partial r} + \frac{v^2}{r^3} \frac{\partial^2 t}{\partial \phi^2}; \tag{1}$
	subject to $f(r, \varphi, Fo) = f^{\varphi}(r, \varphi);$ (2)
	$\frac{\partial l}{\partial r} + \operatorname{Bi}_1 \left[l_1 \left(\varphi, \operatorname{Fo} \right) - l \right] = 0, \ r = 1; $ (3)
	$\frac{\partial t}{\partial r} - \text{Bi}_{\bullet} \left[t_{\bullet} \left(\varphi, \text{Fo} \right) - t \right] = 0, \ r = \delta;$
	$I(r, 0, Fo) = I_1(r, Fo), I(r, \phi_0, Fo) = I_2(r, Fo)$ (4)

L 15065-65
ACCESSION NR: AP4048856
by the method of finite integral transforms, using asymptotic methods to get quick approximations of certain coefficients. Orig. art. has: 19 formulas.
ASSOCIATION: Gosudarstvenny*y universitet im. I. I. Mechnikova, g. Odessa (Odessa State University)
SUBMITTED: 290ot63 ENCL: 00
SUB CODE: TD, MA NO REF SOV: 003 OTHER: CO1
에 보고 있는데 가는 그런 그런 사람들이 있다는 사람들이 있는데 가는데 가는데 되었다. 그런데 그렇게 되었다. 그는 그는 사람들이 가는 것이 되었다. 그런데 하는데 보고 있다면 하는데 보고 있다. 그런데 그런데 그런데 그런데 그런데 되었다.
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그 모든 그 병에 이렇게 하고 끊대면 하수는 것 같아. 그 모든 모든 모든 경기에 가는 휴
Card 2/2

L 13260-63

EWT(d)/FCC(w)/BDS AFFTC

S/044/63/000/003/011/047

AUTHOR:

Khristichenko, P. I.

TITLE:

- 10 On asymptotic formulas for eigenfunctions and eigenvalues in the case of periodic boundary conditions

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal, Matematika. no. 3, 1963, 39, Abstract 3B178 (Tr. AN TadzhSSR, 109, 1961, 100-106, summary in

TEXT:

The boundary value problem is considered for the equation

$$y'' + [s^2 + q(x)]y = 0$$

with periodic boundary conditions $y(0) = y(\pi)$, $y'(0) = y'(\pi)$. The function q(x) and its derivative q'(x) are assumed to be continuous (the abstractor [I. Sobol'] believes that it is necessary to require absolute continuity of q'(x).

$$s_n = 2n + O(1/2n)$$

Card 1/2

L 13260-63		8
On asymptotic	for eigenfunctions	5/044/63/000/003/011/047
and for the co	orresponding eigenfunctions.	
Abstracter's [for example,	I. Sobol'] comment. On page 103 the	author makes use of formulas.
	$\int q(t) \cos st dt = q(\pi) \sin s\pi$	
hich are vali	when the derivative o'(x) is short.	tely continue
Abstractor's 1	note: Complete translation.]	constituties.
rd 2/2		

KHRISTICHENKO, P.I.

Nonsteady heat conduction and thermoelastic stresses in a hollow cylinder. Inzh.-fiz. zhur. 6 no.7:76-82 Jl '63. (MIRA 16:9)

1. Gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni I.I.Mechnikova, Odessa.
(Heat conduction) (Thermal stresses)

L 62185-65 EPF(n)-2/EPR/EPA(s)-2/EMG(v)/EMT(1)/EMA(1) Pe-5/Ps-4/Pt-7/Pu-4 WW ACCESSION NR: AP5010468 UR/0294/65/003/002/0272/0275 536.21.001 AUTHOR: Khristichenko, P. I. TITIE: Concerning one method of solving problems of thermal conductivity of two- and three-layer systems Zeplofizika vysokikh temperatur, v. 3, no. 2, 1965, SOURCE: 272-275 TOPIC TAGS: thermal conductivity, layered system, boundary condition ABSTRACT: By transforming the equations for the heat exchange between the individual layers of a two- and three-layer sandwich structure into boundary conditions applying to the individual layers, the author succeeds in splitting the coupled thermal-conductivity equations for the entire system into individual equations applicable to each layer individually. A step by step procedure is developed for the case of a three-layer system. It is shown that whereas for a Card 1/2

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two-layer sy is immateria	al, in the	CABE O	f a three-	layer sy	stem & de	finite.	e-
of plates,	be adhered to. Concrete equations are given for systems ystems of cylinders, and systems of spheres. Original						
article has						.:	F .
ASSOCIATION: Lomonosova	Odesski	ly tekhn	ologichesk	iy insti	tut im. M.	ν.	•
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Card 2/2		-					

KHRISTICHESNKO, P. I. (Odessa State university)

"Certain questions of analytic theory of thermal capacity of constant foundry castings"

Report presented at the Section on Thermal-physical Properties and Non-stationary Thermal Capacity, Scientific Session, Council of Acad. Sci. Ukr SSR on High Temperature Physics, Kiev, 2-4 Apr 1963.

Reported in Teplofizika Vysokikh temperatur, No. 2, Sep-Oct 1963, p. 321, JPRS 24,651.

"什么你不够可以完成这一<u>""你还是我们就就没有</u>要要的,就是我们就没有了,只是我们得多。""这个"这一"的一句,"你也是,你会说的这个说,我还能能<mark>是我们我们不是我们的现在</mark>

KHRISTIN, L.I.

Application of fresh grated potatoes in dermatology. Vest. vener., Moskva no. 6:13-15 Nov-Dec 1952. (CIML 24:1)

1. Professor. 2. Stanislav.

MRISTIN, L.I.

Reflect of wormin on the course of skin diseases. Med.parax. 1
parax.bol. 27 no.6:739 N-D *58. (MIRA 12:2)

1. Is kliniki koshno-venericheskikh bolezney Stanislvaskogo neditsinskogo instituta. (ASCARDIS AND ASCARIASIS) (SKIN--DISEASES)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722330002-2"

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ABDUSAMETOV, R. Kh. (Seminalatinsk), ANTON'YEV, A.A., kand med.nauk. (Rostov-na-Domu), BRZHESKIY, V.Ch. (Tikhvin, Leningradskaya oblest')

GRZHHEBIN, Z. N., Drof. (Chernoritsy), IVANCY, R. A., Drof. (Leningrad)

KAZAKOV, V. I., dots. (Stavenol' na Kawkace), SLADKOVICH, S.Ye.,

(Noskva), TORSUYKV, M.A., Drof. (Rostov-na-Domu), MAESIMOVI, A.A.,

dots. (Rostov-na-Domu), FAYN, A.L., kand med.nauk (Saratov) KHRISTIN, L.I.,

prof. (Stanislav), YAKUBSON, A.K., Drof. (Novosibirsk), LENNIKOV, Te.P.,

ascistent (Novosibirsk)

Problems of teaching dermatovenerology in medical institutes, Vest.

dorm. i ven. 32 no.3:60-69 '58

(DEMMATOLOGY, educ.

in Russia (Rus))

(SYPHILOLOGY, educ.

in Russia (Rus))
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KHRISTIN, L. I., -prof., KOTSAN, M. K., klinicheskiy ordinator

Study on the etiology and pathogenesis of lupus erythematosus. Vest. derm. i ven. 34 no.1:13-17 Ja *60. (MIRA 14:12)

1. Iz kafedry kozhnykh i venericheskikh bolezney Stanislavskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

(LUPUS)

KHRISTIN, L. ., prof.; TSHETSETSKAYA, Ye.K.; DIMITRASHKO, V.I.

Epidermophytosis in combination with other lesions of the skin. Vest.derm.i ven. 35 no.5:63-64 62. (MIRA 15:5)

1. Iz kliniki kozhno-venericheskikh bolezney Stanislavskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

(DERMATOMYCOSIS) (SKIN-DISEASES)

KHRISTININ, Viktor Ivanovich [Khrystynin, V.I.]; MILORADENKO, P.F. [translator]; FINK, L.Y.[Fink, L.I.], red.; CHUCHUPAK, V.D., tekhn. red.

[Daily hygienic exercises for women] Shchodenna higienichna gimnastyka dlia zhinok. Kyiv, Derzh. med. vyd-vo URSR, 1961. 40 p. (MIRA 15:3) (WOMEN-HEALTH AND HYGIENE) (EXERCISE)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722330002-2"

。 1944年,1945年,1945年,1948年,1949年,1949年,1949年,1949年,1949年,1949年,1949年,1949年,1949年,1949年,1949年,1949年,1949年,1949年,19

KHRISTININ, Viktor Ivanovich; MEYMAN, M.I., red.; PRONINA, N.D., tekhn. red.

[Physical culture for intellectual workers] Fiskul'tura dlia rabotnikov umstvennogo truda. Moskva, Medgis, 1963. 39 p.

(MIRA 16:5)

(PHYSICAL EDUCATION AND TRAINING)

S/058/63/000/003/048/104 A062/A101

AUTHORS:

Balabukha, D. K., Levenberg, T. M., Lokutsiyevskaya, L. K.,

Khristinina, G. N.

FITLE:

Sensitometric test for controlling color reproduction. I. Construc-

tion principles of the test

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal, Fizika, no. 3, 1963, 87, abstract 3D589

("Tr. Leningr. in-ta kinoinzhenerov", 1961, no. 6, 91 - 98)

TEXT: This is a report on elaborated construction principles of a test for investigating and controlling color reproduction in color photography processes. The application of such a test permits to replace the physiological colorimetric evaluation of the color reproduction by a physical evaluation, based on the measurement of the dye concentrations. The investigation, by this test, of all the stages of a color photography process (color separation, synthetic and gradation stages) in their mutual relationship permits to describe the color reproduction as an objective process property characterized by the configuration of the color reproduction bands. The test provides the possibility to judge on

Card 1/2

Sensitometric test for controlling...

\$/058/63/000/003/048/104 A062/A101

the intermediate images, obtained at the different technological stages, about the color separation and gradation characteristics of these stages. Thus, with the aid of the test, it is possible to determine the part of different technological factors in the formation of the quality of a color image. It is shown that by the test it is possible to compare objectively different color photography processes and different technological variations of the same process.

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 2/2

8/058/63/000/003/049/104 A062/A101 AUTHORS: Balabukha, D. K., Levenberg, T. M., Lokutsiyevskaya, L. K., Khristinina, G. N. TITLE: Sensitometric test for controlling color reproduction. II. Technology of preparing the test for the motion-picture industry PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Fizika, no. 3, 1963, 87, abstract 3D590 ("Tr. Leningr. in-ta kinoinzhenerov," 1961, no. 6, 99 - 105) This is a report on the elaborated technology of preparing tests TEXT: for color reproduction control in multilayer and hydrotype color photography processes, and on the experimental samples of these tests. For Part I see ab-[Abstracter's note: Complete translation] Card 1/1

。 1917年中,1918年中,1918年中,1918年中,1918年中,1918年中,1918年中,1918年中,1918年中,1918年中,1918年中,1918年中,1918年中,1918年中,1918年中,1918年中

KHRISTIY, S.P. (Kovel')

Preventive medical significance of an alcohol vaccine administered intracutaneously in the compound treatment of acute dysentery. Vrach.delo no.8:114-118 Ag '62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Infektsionnoye otdeleniye (zav. - S.P.Khristiy) gorodskoy bol'nitsy.

(DYSENTERY) (VACCINES)

KHRISTIY, S.P.

Hepatic syndrome and its diagnostic significance in the clinical picture of salmonelloses. Wrach.delo no.1s132-133 Ja *63.

1. Kavel'skaya gorodskaya bol'nitsa.
(LIVER-DISEASES) (SAIMONELLA INFECTIONS)

2240 Khristo, A. A.

Stelyushchiy Sya Sad. Novosibirsk, Kn. IZD., 1954. 103 s. s III. 20 sm. 5.000 EKZ. lr. 75k.- Bibliogr: s. 99-100.- (54-55995)p 634.1/7(57.11) (016.3)

KARISTO, Andrey Andreyevich

Posology in Siberia] Plodovodstvo v Sibiri. Isd. 2., ispr. i dop.

[Novosibirsk] Novosibirskoe knishnoe isd-vo, 1957. 298 p. (MIRA 11:3)

(Siberia--Fruit sulture)

Effect of additional water supply on the winter hardiness of apple trees in Novosibirsk Province. Trudy TSSBS no.4:177-181
'60.

(MIRA 15:4)

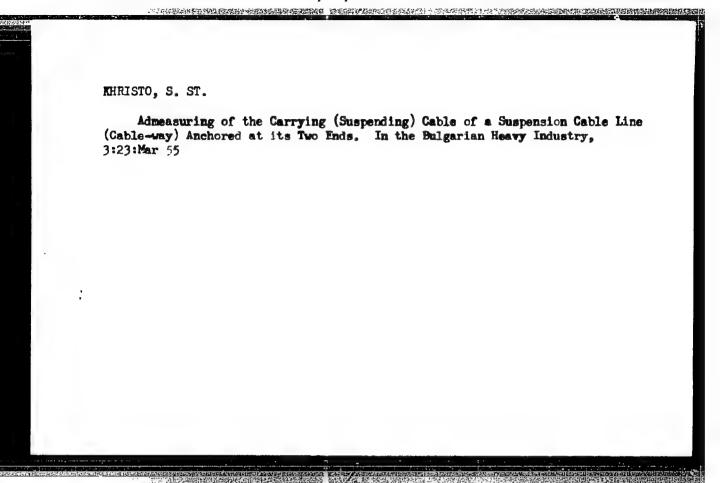
(Novosibirsk Province--Apple--Frost resistance)

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KHRISTO, A.A.

The dormancy period and winter hardiness of apple trees in Western Siberia. Fixiol. rast. 8 no.1:58-66 '61. (MIRA 14:3)

1. Central Siberian Botanical Garden of the Siberian Branch of the U.S.S.R. Academy of Sciences.
(Novosibirsk Province—Apple) (Plants—Frost resistance)
(Dormancy in plants)



KHRISTODULO-FINITI, A. S., Cand Med Sci -- (diss) "Arteries of the heart in man in some periods of ontogenesis." /Staling/, 1960. 14 pt; (Ministry of Public Health Ukrainian SSR, Stalino State Medical Inst im A. M. Gor'kiy); 220 copies; price not given; (KL, 22-60, 145)

KHRISTODULO-FINITI, A.S.

Atrioventricular valves of the human heart. Arkh.anat.gist. 1 embr. 48 no.3:56-60 Mr 165. (MIRA 18:6)

1. Kaiedra anatomii cheloveka (zav. - prof. N.D. Dovgyallo) Donet-% skogo meditsinskogo instituta.

KHRICTOFERZEN, G.S.

Polyunsaturated fatty acid content in the fats of main commercial fishes in the Azov-Black Sea Basin. Vop. pit. 23 no.5:17-20 S-0 (MIRA 18:5)

1. Tekhnologicheskaya laboratoriya (zav. - kand. tekhn. neuk G.K. Koval'chuk) Azovsko-Chernomorskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta morskogo rybnogo khozyaystva i ckeanografii, Kerch'.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722330002-2"

KHRISTOFERZEN, G.S.; TIMOFEYEVA, N.V.

Technological and chemical characteristics of the Atlantic sardine and causes of the deterioration of its quality during industrial processing. Trudy Azeherniro no.23:40-46 163. (MIRA 17:8)

Whristoferzen, G.S. [Khrystoferzen, H.S.]

Use of the propyl gallate antickidant for preserving the quality of frozen Atlantic fish. Khar. prom. no.1:27-29

Ja-Mr '65. (MIRA 18:4)

KHRISTOFORIDI, Kh.G.; GERASIMOV, V.G.

Mechanization of the sealing of tight barrels. Trudy Azcherniro no.21:60-63 '63. (MIRA 17:8)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722330002-2"

KHRISTOFOROV, A.I., inzh.; MITIN, V.M.

Friction welding of high-speed steel with structural steel.

Mashinostroenie no.1:99-100 Ja-F '65. (MIRA 18:4)

Klir	ISTOFOROV, A.I., inzh.	,	
	Friction welding of boring bit My 165.	blanks. Sver.proizv. no	0.5:32-33 (MIRA 18:6)
	1. Khar kovskiy politekhnichesk	ciy institut im. V.I.Ler	nine.
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